

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture GLASS CLEANER

Registration number -

Synonyms None.

Product code UDS000144AE

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Revision date 10-November-2022

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Cleaners - Heavy duty

Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name CRC Industries UK Ltd.
Address Wylds Road
 Castlefield Industrial Estate
 TA6 4DD Bridgwater Somerset
 United Kingdom
Telephone +44 1278 727200
Fax +44 1278 425644
E-mail hse.uk@crcind.com
Website www.crcind.com

Company name CRC Industries Europe bv
Address Touwslagerstraat 1
 9240 Zele
 Belgium
Telephone +32(0)52/45.60.11
Fax +32(0)52/45.00.34
E-mail hse@crcind.com
Website www.crcind.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number Tel.:(+44)(0)1278 72 7200 (office hours: 9-17h GMT)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards

Aerosols	Category 1	H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
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Health hazards

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended**Contains:** Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol**Hazard pictograms****Signal word** Danger**Hazard statements**

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements**Prevention**

P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response Not assigned.**Storage**

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental label information According to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on Detergents, as amended; Contains: Aliphatic hydrocarbons 5-15%. perfumes: Hexyl Cinnamal, Hydroxycitronellal**2.3. Other hazards** This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.2. Mixtures****General information**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol	30 - 60	67-63-0 200-661-7	01-2119457558-25	603-117-00-0	#
Classification: Flam. Liq. 2;H225, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, STOT SE 3;H336					
ammonia%	0 - 1	1336-21-6 215-647-6	01-2119982985-14	007-001-01-2	
Classification: Acute Tox. 3;H331, Skin Corr. 1B;H314, Eye Dam. 1;H318, STOT SE 3;H335, Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 1;H410					

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s).
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.
M: M-factor
PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.**SECTION 4: First aid measures****General information** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion	In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control centre. Rinse mouth.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Special fire fighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Storage class (TRGS 510): 2B (Aerosol dispensers and lighters)
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Type	Value
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1250 mg/m3
		500 ppm
	TWA	999 mg/m3
		400 ppm

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

General population

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	2	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	89 mg/m3	2	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	2	Repeated dose toxicity

Workers

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	1	
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	500 mg/m3	1	

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Freshwater	140.9 mg/l	1	
Secondary poisoning	160 mg/kg	30	Oral
Sediment (freshwater)	552 mg/kg		
Soil	28 mg/kg		

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Use eye protection conforming to EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection When handling the product wear chemical-resistant gloves (standard EN 374). The breakthrough time of the glove should be longer than the total duration of product use. If work lasts longer than the breakthrough time, gloves should be changed part-way through. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

- Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece. (Filter type A)

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Colour	Colourless.

Odour Characteristic odor.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 82 °C (179.6 °F)

Flash point 12.0 °C (53.6 °F)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1.8 %

Explosive limit – upper (%) 12 %

Vapour pressure Not available.

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density 0.93 g/cm³ 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Miscible with water

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature 460 °C (860 °F)

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

9.2. Other information

VOC 412 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid high temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.

Symptoms May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components	Species	Test Results
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 25000 mg/m3, 6 h
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard	Not likely, due to the form of the product.	
Mixture versus substance information	Not available.	
Other information	May cause allergic respiratory and skin reactions.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species		Test Results
ammonia% (CAS 1336-21-6)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	101 mg/l, 96 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	0.89 mg/l, 96 hours
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	LC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia salina)	> 10000 mg/l, 24 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient			
n-octanol/water (log Kow)			
ammonia%			-2.66
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol			0.05
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.		
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.		
12.6. Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. GWP: 0		
Substance Global Warming Potential per (Annex IV), Regulation 517/2014/EU on fluorinated greenhouse gases, as amended			
ammonia% (CAS 1336-21-6)			0

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Hazard No. (ADR)	Not assigned.
Tunnel restriction code	D
ADR/RID - Classification code:	5F
14.4. Packing group	Not assigned.
14.5. Environmental hazards	No
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

RID

14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
14.4. Packing group	Not assigned.
14.5. Environmental hazards	No
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

ADN

14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
14.4. Packing group	Not assigned.
14.5. Environmental hazards	No
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

IATA

14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
14.4. Packing group	Not assigned.
14.5. Environmental hazards	No
ERG Code	10L

14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
14.4. Packing group	Not assigned.
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
EmS	F-D, S-U
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

ADN; ADR; IATA; IMDG; RID



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Retained direct EU regulations

- Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended**
Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended**
Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended**
Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended**
Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended**
Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended**
Not listed.
- Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended**
ammonia% (CAS 1336-21-6)
- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA**
Not listed.

Authorisations

- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended**
Not listed.

Restrictions on use

- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended**
ammonia% (CAS 1336-21-6)
Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ammonia% (CAS 1336-21-6)

Propan-2-ol; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Other regulations

Not available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.

Ceiling: Short Term Exposure Limit Ceiling value.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

GWP: Global Warming Potential.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

MAK: Threshold limit values Germany (Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration - DFG).

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning Registration, Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals).

RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail (Règlement International concernant le transport de marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer).

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short term exposure limit.

TLV: Threshold Limit Value.

TWA: Time Weighted Average.

VOC: Volatile organic compounds.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit.

References

Not available.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

Not available.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information

None.

Training information

Not available.

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