

AeroPaste lubricant spray: does not contain any chemicals that fall within the scope of the Rotterdam convention or EU 649/2012 (Chemical Notification/Prior Informed Consent) regulation.

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product Identifier

Product name: HOLEMAKER AEROPASTE 701010-0001
Product code: 701010-0001
Synonyms: AeroPaste

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Holemaker Technology Limited
Bridge House
Pattenden Lane
Marden
Kent, TN12 9QJ
Tel: 03330 110 382
Email: sales@holemaker-technology.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Tel: 07836317118

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP:

Flam. Aerosol 1: H222; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3:
H336; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412

Most important adverse effects:

Extremely flammable aerosol.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label Elements:

Hazard Statements:

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard Pictograms:

GHS02: Flame
GHS07: Exclamation mark



Signal words: Danger

Precautionary statements: P102: Keep out of reach of children.
P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
P501: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

2.3. Other hazards

Other Hazards: In use, may form flammable / explosive vapour-air mixture.
PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous Ingredients:

LOW BOILING POINT HYDROGEN TREATED NAPHTHA - NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT - REACH registered number(s): 01-2119475515-33-XXXX

EINECS	CAS	PBT / WEL	CLP Classification	Percent
265-151-9	64742-49-0	-	Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 1: H224; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Aquatic Chronic 2: H411	10-20%

BUTANE

203-448-7	106-97-8	Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	Flam. Gas 1: H220; Press. Gas: H280	10-20%
-----------	----------	---	-------------------------------------	--------

ISOBUTANE

200-857-2	75-28-5	Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	Flam. Gas 1: H220; Press. Gas: H280	10-20%
-----------	---------	---	-------------------------------------	--------

PROPANE

200-827-9	74-98-6	Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	Flam. Gas 1: H220; Press. Gas: H280	10-20%
-----------	---------	---	-------------------------------------	--------

PROPAN-2-OL

200-661-7	67-63-0	-	Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; STOT SE 3: H336	1-5%
-----------	---------	---	---	------

LOW BOILING POINT HYDROGEN TREATED NAPHTHA - NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULPHURIZED HEAVY

265-185-4	64742-82-1	-	STOT RE 1: H372; Asp. Tox. 1: H304	1-5%
-----------	------------	---	------------------------------------	------

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact:	Wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact:	Make sure contact lenses are removed from eyes before washing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation:	Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact:	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema. May cause allergic contact eczema. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact:	Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.
Ingestion:	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.
Inhalation:	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Irritating to respiratory system.
Delayed/Immediate effects:	Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate/Special treatment:	Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
-------------------------------------	---

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media:	Use; Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.
-----------------------------	---

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards:	Aerosol cans may explode in fires.
--------------------------	------------------------------------

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters:	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours
----------------------------------	--

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures:	Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leaking cannot be stopped, evacuate area.
-----------------------------	--

6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hazardous ingredients:

PROPAN-2-OL

Workplace exposure limits:

Respirable dust

State	8 Hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 Hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	999 mg/m ³	1250 mg/m ³	-	-

DNEL/PNEC Values

DNEL / PNEC: No data available

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Respiratory protection: No specific recommendations made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the Occupational Exposure Level (OEL). Use chemical cartridge protection with appropriate cartridge.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Eye protection: Wear approved chemical safety goggles where eye exposure is reasonably probable. Use approved safety goggles or face shield.

Skin protection: Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Environmental: DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA!
 Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.
 When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Aerosol
Colour: Typical
Odour: Characteristic odour
Flammability limits %: lower: 3.0 upper: 18.6
Flash point°C: -10

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Flames. Sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: Fire creates: vapours/gasses/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Hazardous ingredients:

PROPAN-2-OL

IVN	RAT	LD50	1088	mg/kg
ORL	MUS	LD50	3600	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	5045	mg/kg
SCU	MUS	LDLO	6	gm/kg

Relevant hazards for product:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated
STOT-single exposure	-	Hazardous: calculated

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema. May cause allergic contact eczema. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact: Irritating to eyes. May cause chemical eye burns.

Ingestion: May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Irritating to respiratory system.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

Other information: Route of entry: Inhalation. Skin and /or eye contact.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal company.
Disposal of packaging: Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard.
NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 2

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: No
Marine pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special precautions: No special precautions.
Tunnel code: E
Transport category: 3

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Specific regulations: Not applicable.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Section 16: Other information

Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830.

* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3:

H220: Extremely flammable gas.

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Legal disclaimer:

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.